

Total Special Education System (TSES) Rochester Math and Science Academy

This plan was reviewed and updated in accordance with the annual requirement under Minn. Stat. § 125A.0942. No legislative changes required revisions for FY26. It is publicly posted on the school's website and available in alternative formats upon request.

This document serves as the Total Special Education System Plan for Rochester Math and Science Academy in accordance with Minnesota Rule 3525.1100. This plan also includes an assurance for compliance with the federal requirements pertaining to districts' special education responsibilities found in United States Code, title 20, chapter 33, sections 1400 et seq., and Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, part 300. This document is a companion to the Application for Special Education Funds – Statement of Assurances (ED-01350-29).

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I. Child Study Procedures

The district's identification system is developed according to the requirement of nondiscrimination as Rochester Math and Science Academy does not discriminate in education on the basis of race, color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, age, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, sexual orientation, or disability.

A. Identification

Rochester Math and Science Academy is a charter school and as such is responsible for identifying students in grades K-12 needing special education services who attend the charter school. Rochester Math and Science Academy does not provide services for students under the category of Part C.

Rochester Math and Science Academy has a Multi-Tiered Support Systems (MTSS) team. The purpose of this team is to provide support for classroom teachers on a regular basis. The MTSS team is comprised of general education teachers, special education teachers, building leaders, and school support staff. The group works collaboratively to identify the needs of learners, provide strategies and interventions, and develop a timeline and evaluate the determined course of action.

If a student is having trouble in academics, behavior, or social emotional skills, as evidenced by universal

screening (NWEA) scores, work samples, observations, and/or staff reports, the student's general education teacher will complete a pre-referral form which will be shared with the MTSS team. The MTSS team, which meets monthly, will assist the classroom teacher with pre-referral interventions, accommodations and modifications which are required by Minnesota law. Before a student is referred for a Special Education assessment, the teacher must conduct at least two research-based interventions while the learner is in the regular education classroom. The teacher and MTSS team must provide documentation of those interventions and the pre-referral interventions must be systematic, effective, and planned efforts to improve the child's learning or behavioral concerns. Prereferral interventions typically run 30 school days or 6 weeks.

In the event that the prereferral intervention is not successful, the MTSS team may refer the learner to the Child Study Team (CST) for a possible Special Education evaluation. The CST is comprised of special education teachers, speech/language pathologists, school psychologists, and other related service personnel. This team will evaluate the prereferral information, pertinent student information, and address areas of concern before deciding to recommend evaluation. If an evaluation is recommended, a team is formed, and parents are asked to attend a meeting at school to assist in planning the evaluation.

This process and the parent/guardian referral form is attached as Appendix B.

The following italicized information is required by the Minnesota Department of Education to appear in this document; however, it **does not** apply to Rochester Math and Science Academy Charter School.

Infant and toddler intervention services under United States Code, title 20, chapter 33, section 1431 et seq., and Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, part 303, are available in Rochester Math and Science Academy to children from birth through two years of age who meet the outlined criteria.

The team determines that a child from birth through the age of two years is eligible for infant and toddler intervention services if:

- A. the child meets the criteria of one of the disability categories in United States Code, title 20, chapter 33, sections 1400, et. seq., as defined in Minnesota Rules; or
- B. the child meets one of the criteria for developmental delay in subitem (1) or the criteria in subitem (2);
 - (1) the child has a diagnosed physical or mental condition or disorder that has a high probability of resulting in developmental delay regardless of whether the child has a demonstrated need or delay; or
 - (2) the child is experiencing a developmental delay that is demonstrated by a score of

1.5 standard deviations or more below the mean, as measured by the appropriate diagnostic measures and procedures, in one or more of the following areas:

- (a) cognitive development;
- (b) physical development, including vision and hearing;
- (c) communication development;
- (d) social or emotional development; and
- (e) adaptive development.
- (3) The child's eligibility is established through the application of informed clinical opinion. Informed clinical opinion may be used as an independent basis to establish a child's eligibility under this part even when other instruments do not establish eligibility; however, in no event may informed clinical opinion be used to negate the results of evaluation instruments to establish eligibility.

Rochester Math and Science Academy serves students in grades K-12. The italicized section below is required by MDE to be in this document but **does not** apply to Rochester Math and Science Academy.

The team shall determine that a child from the age of three years through the age of six years is eligible for special education when:

- A. the child meets the criteria of one of the categorical disabilities in United States Code, title 20, chapter 33, sections 1400 et seq., as defined in Minnesota Rules; or
- B. the child meets one of the criteria for developmental delay in subitem (1) and the criteria in subitem (2). Rochester Math and Science Academy [as elected the option of implementing these criteria for developmental delay.

If your district provides education for this age group, indicate whether your district has elected to implement these criteria for developmental delay. If your district chooses to implement these criteria, it may not modify them.

[Include the information below only if your district chooses the option of implementing these criteria for developmental delay.]

- (1) The child:
 - (a) has a diagnosed physical or mental condition or disorder that has a high probability

or resulting in developmental delay; or

- (b) has a delay in each of two or more of the areas of cognitive development; physical development, including vision and hearing; communication development; social or emotional development; and adaptive development, that is verified by an evaluation using one or more technically adequate, norm-referenced instruments. The instruments must be individually administered by appropriately trained professionals and the scores must be at least 1.5 standard deviations below the mean in each area.
- (2) The child's need for special education is supported by:
 - (a) at least one documented, systematic observation in the child's routine setting by an appropriate professional or, if observation in the daily routine setting is not possible, the alternative setting must be justified;
 - (b) a developmental history; and
 - (c) at least one other evaluation procedure in each area of identified delay that is conducted on a different day than the medical or norm-referenced evaluation; which may include criterion references instruments, language samples, or curriculum-based measures.

Rochester Math and Science Academy's plan for identifying a child with a specific learning disability is consistent with Minnesota Rule 3525.1341. Rochester Math and Science Academy implements its interventions consistent with that plan.

Rochester Math and Science Academy does not use the R.T.I. process to identify students with a disability. Rochester Math and Science Academy's plan for identifying a child with a specific learning disability is attached as Appendix A.

B. Evaluation

Evaluation of the child and assessment of the child and family will be conducted in a manner consistent with Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 303.321.

The following italicized section is required by the Minnesota Department of Education but **does not** apply to Rochester Math and Science Academy.

A. General. (1) The lead agency must ensure that, subject to obtaining parental consent in accordance with $\S 303.420(a)(2)$, each child under the age of three who is referred for evaluation or early intervention services under this part and suspected of having a disability, receives—

- (i) A timely, comprehensive, multidisciplinary evaluation of the child in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section unless eligibility is established under paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this section; and
- (ii) If the child is determined eligible as an infant or toddler with a disability as defined in \$303.21;
 - (A) A multidisciplinary assessment of the unique strengths and needs of that infant or toddler and the identification of services appropriate to meet those needs;
 - (B) A family-directed assessment of the resources, priorities, and concerns of the family and the identification of the supports and services necessary to enhance the family's capacity to meet the developmental needs of that infant or toddler. The assessments of the child and family are described in paragraph (c) of this section and these assessments may occur simultaneously with the evaluation, provided that the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section are met.

(2) As used in this part—

- (i) Evaluation means the procedures used by qualified personnel to determine a child's initial and continuing eligibility under this part, consistent with the definition of infant or toddler with a disability in §303.21. An initial evaluation refers to the child's evaluation to determine his or her initial eligibility under this part;
- (ii) Assessment means the ongoing procedures used by qualified personnel to identify the child's unique strengths and needs and the early intervention services appropriate to meet those needs throughout the period of the child's eligibility under this part and includes the assessment of the child, consistent with paragraph (c)(1) of this section and the assessment of the child's family, consistent with paragraph (c)(2) of this section; and
- (iii) Initial assessment refers to the assessment of the child and the family assessment conducted prior to the child's first IFSP meeting.
- (3)(i) A child's medical and other records may be used to establish eligibility (without conducting an evaluation of the child) under this part if those records indicate that the child's level of functioning in one or more of the developmental areas identified in
- §303.21(a)(1) constitutes a developmental delay or that the child otherwise meets the criteria for an infant or toddler with a disability under §303.21. If the child's part C eligibility is established under this paragraph, the lead agency or EIS provider must conduct assessments of the child and family in

accordance with paragraph (c) of this section.

- (ii) Qualified personnel must use informed clinical opinion when conducting an evaluation and assessment of the child. In addition, the lead agency must ensure that informed clinical opinion may be used as an independent basis to establish a child's eligibility under this part even when other instruments do not establish eligibility; however, in no event may informed clinical opinion be used to negate the results of evaluation instruments used to establish eligibility under paragraph (b) of this section.
- (4) All evaluations and assessments of the child and family must be conducted by qualified personnel, in a nondiscriminatory manner, and selected and administered so as not to be racially or culturally discriminatory.
- (5) Unless clearly not feasible to do so, all evaluations and assessments of a child must be conducted in the native language of the child, in accordance with the definition of native language in §303.25.
- (6) Unless clearly not feasible to do so, family assessments must be conducted in the native language of the family members being assessed, in accordance with the definition of native language in §303.25.
- B. Procedures for evaluation of the child. In conducting an evaluation, no single procedure may be used as the sole criterion for determining a child's eligibility under this part. Procedures must include
 - (1) Administering an evaluation instrument;
 - (2) *Taking the child's history (including interviewing the parent);*
 - (3) Identifying the child's level of functioning in each of the developmental areas in \S 303.21(a)(1);
 - (4) Gathering information from other sources such as family members, other care- givers, medical providers, social workers, and educators, if necessary, to understand the full scope of the child's unique strengths and needs; and
 - (5) Reviewing medical, educational, or other records.
- **C**. *Procedures for assessment of the child and family.*
 - (1) An assessment of each infant or toddler with a disability must be conducted by qualified personnel in order to identify the child's unique strengths and needs and the early intervention services appropriate to meet those needs. The assessment of the child must include the following:

- (i) A review of the results of the evaluation conducted by paragraph (b) of this section;
- (ii) Personal observations of the child; and
- (iii) The identification of the child's needs in each of the developmental areas in \S 303.21(a)(1).
- (2) A family-directed assessment must be conducted by qualified personnel in order to identify the family's resources, priorities, and concerns and the supports and services necessary to enhance the family's capacity to meet the developmental needs of the family's infant or toddler with a disability. The family-directed assessment must
 - (i) Be voluntary on the part of each family member participating in the assessment;
 - (ii) Be based on information obtained through an assessment tool and also through an interview with those family members who elect to participate in the assessment; and
 - (iii) Include the family's description of its resources, priorities, and concerns related to enhancing the child's development.

For the grade levels served, the team conducts an evaluation for special education purposes within a reasonable time not to exceed 30 school days from the date the district receives parental permission to conduct the evaluation or the expiration of the 14-calendar day parental response time in cases other than initial evaluation, unless a conciliation conference or hearing is requested.

Rochester Math and Science Academy conducts full and individual initial evaluation before the initial provision of special education and related services to a pupil. The initial evaluation shall consist of procedures to determine whether a child is a pupil with a disability that adversely affects the child's educational performance as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.02, who by reason thereof needs special education and related services, and to determine the educational needs of the pupil. The district proposes to conduct an initial evaluation to determine if the child qualifies as a pupil with a disability shall obtain an informed consent from the parent of the child before the evaluation is conducted. Parental consent for evaluation shall not be construed as consent for placement for receipt of special education and related services. The District will not override the written refusal of a parent to consent to an initial evaluation or re-evaluation.

Evaluation Procedures

Evaluations and reevaluations are conducted according to the following procedures:

A. Rochester Math and Science Academy provides notice to the parents of the pupil, according to Code of

Federal Regulations, title 34, sections 300.500 to 300.505, that describes any evaluation procedures the district proposes to conduct.

- B. In conducting the evaluation, Rochester Math and Science Academy:
 - (1) uses a variety of evaluation tools and strategies to gather relevant functional and developmental information, including information provided by the parent, that are designed to assist in determining whether the child is a pupil with a disability and the content of the pupil's individualized education program, including information related to enabling the pupil to be involved in and profess in the general curriculum, or for preschool pupils, to participate in appropriate activities;
 - (2) does not use any single procedure as the sole criterion for determining whether a child is a pupil with a disability or determining an appropriate education program for the pupil; and
 - (3) uses technically sound instruments that are designed to assess the relative contribution of cognitive and behavioral factors, in addition to physical or developmental factors.
- C. Rochester Math and Science Academy ensures that:
 - (1) tests and other evaluation materials used to evaluate a child under this part are selected and administered so as not be discriminatory on a racial or cultural basis, and are provided and administered in the pupil's native language or other mode of communication, unless it is clearly not feasible to do so;
 - (2) materials and procedures used to evaluate a child with limited English proficiency are selected and administered to ensure that they measure the extent to which the child has a disability and needs special education and related services, rather than measure the child's English language skills;
 - (3) any standardized tests that are given to the child have been validated for the specific purpose for which they are used, are administered by trained and knowledgeable personnel, and are administered in accordance with any instructions provided by the producer of such tests;

- (4) the child is evaluated in all areas of suspected disability, including, if appropriate, health, vision, hearing, social and emotional status, general intelligence, academic performance, communicative status, and motor abilities;
- (5) evaluation tools and strategies that provide relevant information that directly assists persons in determining the educational needs of the pupil are provided;
- (6) if an evaluation is not conducted under standard conditions, a description of the extent to which it varied from standard conditions must be included in the evaluation report;
- (7) tests and other evaluation materials include those tailored to evaluate specific areas of educational need and not merely those that are designed to provide a single general intelligence quotient;
- (8) tests are selected and administered so as best to ensure that if a test is administered to a child with impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills, the test results accurately reflect the child's aptitude or achievement level or whatever other factors the test purports to measure, rather than reflecting the child's impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills, unless those skills are the factors that the test purports to measure; and
- (9) in evaluating each pupil with a disability, the evaluation is sufficiently comprehensive to identify all of the pupil's special education and related service needs, whether or not commonly linked to the disability category in which the pupil has been classified.
- D. Upon completion of administration of tests and other evaluation materials, the determination of whether the child is a pupil with a disability as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.02, shall be made by a team of qualified professionals and the parent of the pupil in accordance with item E, and a copy of the evaluation report and the documentation of determination of eligibility will be given to the parent.
- E. In deciding eligibility under item D, a child shall not be determined to be a pupil with a disability if the determinant factor for such determination is lack of instruction in reading or math or limited English proficiency, and the child does not otherwise meet eligibility criteria under parts 3525.1325 to 3525.1351.

Additional requirements for evaluations and reevaluations

A. As part of an initial evaluation, if appropriate, and as part of any reevaluation under this part, or a reinstatement under part 3525.3100, the IEP team and other qualified professionals, as appropriate,

shall:

- (1) review existing evaluation data on the pupil, including evaluations and information provided by the parents of the pupil, current classroom-based assessments and observations, and teacher and related services providers observation; and
- (2) on the basis of the review, and input from the pupil's parents, identify what additional data, if any, are needed to determine whether the pupil has a particular category of disability, as described in Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.02, or, in case of a reevaluation of a pupil, whether the pupil continues to have such a disability, the present levels of performance and educational needs of the pupil, whether the pupil needs special education and related services, or in the case of a reevaluation of a pupil, whether the pupil continues to need special education and related services, and whether any additions or modifications to the special education and related services are needed to enable the pupil to meet the measurable annual goals set out in the individualized education program of the pupil and to participate, as appropriate, in the general curriculum.
- B. The district administers such tests and other evaluation materials as may be needed to produce the data identified by the IEP team under item A, subitem (2).
- C. The district obtains informed parental consent, in accordance with subpart 1, prior to conducting any reevaluation of a pupil, except that such informed parental consent need not be obtained if the district can demonstrate that it had taken reasonable measures to obtain such consent and the pupil's parent has failed to respond.
- D. If the IEP team and other qualified professionals, as appropriate, determine that no additional data are needed to determine whether the pupil continues to be a pupil with a disability, the district shall notify the pupil's parents of that determination and the reasons for it, and the right of such parents to request an evaluation to determine whether the pupil continues to be a pupil with a disability, and shall not be required to conduct such an evaluation unless requested to by the pupil's parents.
- E. The district evaluates a pupil in accordance with this part before determining that the pupil is no longer a pupil with a disability.
- <u>X</u> The district intends to use restrictive procedures. See the attached Restrictive Procedure Plan. The district follows the restrictive procedure statute, Minnesota Statute 125A.094- 125A.0942.
- ___ The district **does not** intend to use restrictive procedures.

Procedures for determining eligibility and placement

- A. In interpreting the evaluation data for the purpose of determining if a child is a pupil with a disability under parts 3525.1325 to 3525.1351 and the educational needs of the child, the school district:
 - (1) draws upon information from a variety of sources, including aptitude and achievement tests, parent input, teacher recommendations, physical condition, social or cultural background, and adaptive behavior; and
 - (2) ensures that the information obtained from all the sources is documented and carefully considered.
- B. If a determination is made that a child is a pupil with a disability who needs special education and related services, an IEP must be developed for the pupil according to part 3525.2810.

Evaluation report

An evaluation report must be completed and delivered to the pupil's parents within the specified evaluation timeline. At a minimum, the evaluation report must include:

- A. a summary of all evaluation results;
- B. documentation of whether the pupil has a particular category of disability or, in the case of a reevaluation, whether the pupil continues to have such a disability;
- C. the pupil's present levels of performance and educational needs that derive from the disability;
- D. whether the child needs special education and related services or, in the case of a reevaluation, whether the pupil continues to need special education and related services; and
- E. whether any additions or modifications to the special education and related services are needed to enable the pupil to meet the measurable annual goals set out in the pupil's IEP and to participate, as appropriate, in the general curriculum.

C. Plan for Receiving Referrals

Rochester Math and Science Academy's plan for receiving referrals from parents, physicians, private and public programs, and health and human services agencies is attached as Appendix B.

II. Method of Providing the Special Education Services for the Identified Pupils

Rochester Math and Science Academy provides a full range of educational service alternatives. All students with disabilities are provided the special instruction and services appropriate to their needs. The following is representative of Rochester Math and Science Academy's method of providing the special education services for the identified pupils, sites available at which service may occur, and instruction and related services are available.

Appropriate program alternatives to meet the special education needs, goals, and objectives of a pupil are determined on an individual basis. Choice of specific program alternatives are based on the pupil's current levels of performance, pupil special education needs, goals, and objectives, and must be written in the IEP. Program alternatives are comprised of the type of services provided, the setting in which services occur, and the amount of time and frequency in which special education services occur. A pupil may receive special education services in more than one alternative based on the IEP.

A. Method of providing the special education services for the i	g the sr	pecial e	education	services	tor the	identified	pupils:
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- (1) one on one services
- (2) small group
- (3) direct
- (4) in-direct,
- (5) co-teaching

B. Alternative sites available at which services may occur:

- (1) Homebound or home-based services (location of services TBD by school or IEP team)
- (2) Other resident districts (location of services determined by district rep)

C. Available instruction and related services:

- (1) School Psychology
- (2) Occupational Therapy
- (3) Speech and Language
- (4) Adapted Physical Education
- (5) Deaf/Hard of Hearing and Audiological services

(6) Other services required by the I.E.P.

III. Administration and Management Plan

Rochester Math and Science Academy utilizes the following administration and management plan to assure effective and efficient results of child study procedures and method of providing special education services for the identified pupils:

A. The following table illustrates the organization of administration and management to assure effective and efficient results of child study procedures and method of providing special education services for the identified pupils:

Staff Name and Title	Contact Information (phone/email/mailing address/office location)	Brief Description of Staff Responsibilities relating to child study procedures and method of providing special education services
Abdulkadir	415 16 th St. SW	Provides broad oversight of school
Abdalla	Rochester, MN 55902	programming; Provides supervision and
Abdifitah Shekh	612-600-0739	guidance to all staff; Recruits, hires, and evaluates staff; Represents the school at
Directors of		Board Meetings.
Rochester Math and Science Academy	asheik@rmsacademy.org	
Tammy Stahl		4 1 Di 4 00 11E1 4
Special Education Director Contracted	507-690-2838 tammy@edsource.net	As the Director of Special Education, Tammy Stahl provides oversight of all special education programming within the building.

Lita Luke	612-600-0739	The Coordinator of Special Education,
Special Education	lluke@rmsacademy.org	provides onsite support for day-to-day
Coordinator		special education operations, assisting the
		Special Education Director with program
		development and implementation. Ensures
		compliance with regulations, collaborates
		with general education staff, and supports
		effective communication among staff and
		families. Oversees documentation,
		coordinates professional development, and
		continuously assesses services to meet the
		needs of students with disabilities.

- B. Due Process assurances available to parents: Rochester Math and Science Academy has appropriate and proper due process procedures in place to assure effective and efficient results of child study procedures and methods of providing special education services for the identified pupils, including alternative dispute resolution and due process hearings. A description of these processes are as follows:
 - (1) Prior written notice to a) inform the parent that except for the initial placement of a child in special education, the school district will proceed with its proposal for the child's placement or for providing special education services unless the child's parent notifies the district of an objection within 14 days of when the district sends the prior written notice to the parent; and b) state that a parent who objects to a proposal or refusal in the prior written notice may request a conciliation conference or another alternative dispute resolution procedure.
 - (2) Rochester Math and Science Academy will not proceed with the initial evaluation of a child, the initial placement of a child in a special education program, or the initial provision of special education services for a child without the prior written consent of the child's parent.

A district may not override the written refusal of a parent to consent to an initial evaluation or reevaluation.

(3) A parent, after consulting with health care, education, or other professional providers, may agree or disagree to provide the parent's child with sympathomimetic medications unless medical, dental, mental and other health services are necessary, in the professional's judgment, that the risk to the minor's life or health is of such a nature that treatment should be given without delay and the

requirement of consent would result in delay or denial of treatment.

- (4) Parties are encouraged to resolve disputes over the identification, evaluation, educational placement, manifestation determination, interim alternative educational placement, or the provision of a free appropriate public education to a child with a disability through conciliation, mediation, facilitated team meetings, or other alternative process. All dispute resolution options are voluntary on the part of the parent and must not be used to deny or delay the right to a due process hearing. All dispute resolution processes are provided at no cost to the parent.
- (5) Conciliation Conference: a parent has the opportunity to meet with appropriate district staff in at least one conciliation conference if the parent objects to any proposal of which the parent receives prior written notice. Rochester Math and Science Academy holds a conciliation conference within ten calendar days from the date the district receives a parent's objection to a proposal or refusal in the prior written notice. All discussions held during a conciliation conference are confidential and are not admissible in a due process hearing. Within five school days after the final conciliation conference, the district must prepare and provide to the parent a conciliation conference memorandum that describes the district's final proposed offer of service. This memorandum is admissible in evidence in any subsequent proceeding.
- (6) In addition to offering at least one conciliation conference, Rochester Math and Science Academy informs parents of other dispute resolution processes, including at least medication and facilitated team meetings. The fact that an alternative dispute resolution process was used is admissible in evidence at any subsequent proceeding. State-provided mediators and team meeting facilitators shall not be subpoenaed to testify at a due process hearing or civil action under special education law nor are any records of mediators or state- provided team meeting facilitators accessible to the parties.
- (7) Descriptions of the mediation process, facilitated team meetings, state complaint, and impartial due process hearings may be found in Rochester Math and Science Academy's Procedure Safeguard Notice, attached as Appendix C.

IV. Interagency Agreements the District has Entered

Rochester Math and Science Academy is a charter school district serving grades K-12. As such, the following italicized section **does not** apply to the district but must remain in this TSES according to the Minnesota Department of Education.

District has entered in the following interagency agreements or joint powers board agreements for eligible children, ages 3 to 21, to establish agency responsibility that assures that coordinated interagency services 15 | Page

are coordinated, provided, and paid for, and that payment is facilitated from public and private sources:

Name of Agency	Terms of Agreement	Agreement Termination/ Renewal Date	Comments
No interagency agreements			

V. Special Education Advisory Council

In order to increase the involvement of parents of children with disabilities in district policy making and decision making, Rochester Math and Science Academy has a special education advisory council.

- A. Rochester Math and Science Academy's Special Education Advisory Council is individually established.
- B. Rochester Math and Science Academy's Special Education Advisory Council is a subgroup of the Rochester Math and Science Academy Board and advises on the needs of students with disabilities. The goal of the SEAC is to increase parent/guardian involvement in district policy making involving students with disabilities. Meetings provide a forum for parents to address special education concerns and dialogue about education strategies and student successes. The committee is open to all parents, including those with or without children enrolled with special education services.
- C. Rochester Math and Science Academy's Special Education Advisory Council consists of the following individuals:
 - a. The Director of Special Education
 - b. A licensed special education instructor
 - c. Parents/Guardians, at least 50% being those of a child with a disability
- D. Rochester Math and Science Academy's Special Education Advisory Council meets once

annually and will be announced via email and oral communication to parents.

E. The operational procedures of Rochester Math and Science Academy's Special Education Advisory Council are attached as *Appendix D*.

VI. Assurances

Code of Federal Regulations, section 300.201: Consistency with State policies. Rochester Math and Science Academy, in providing for the education of children with disabilities within its jurisdiction, has in effect policies, procedures, and programs that are consistent with the State policies and procedures established under sections 300.101 through 300.163, and sections 300.165 through 300.174. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. § 1413(a)(1)).

Yes: Assurance is given by Rochester Math and Science Academy.

Appendix A

Specific Learning Disabilities Criteria

In accordance with Minnesota Rule 3525.1341 Rochester Math and Science Academy has elected to use Criteria A, B, and C of the Specific Learning Disabilities criteria and at this time has elected not to use Criteria D.

Specific Learning Disability Criteria for Special Education

Student Name:	DOB:
Building:	Reviewer Name:
Date of Evaluation Report:	Eligible:Yes No
Evaluation⇒ (Must meet initial crite	ria)
Reevaluation⇒ (Must address criteri	ia components)
evaluation data must confirm that the disal The child must receive two interventions particles that the disal team waives the requirement due to urgend	ht from the parent and included as part of the evaluation data. The bling effects of the child's disability occur in a variety of settings prior to evaluation unless the parent requests an evaluation or the cy. Based on information in the Evaluation Report and the student ity and is in need of special education and related services when
the pupil meets the criteria in A, B, and C	OR A, B, and D below.
A. Documentation of Inadequate Achieven	nent
The child does not achieve adequately in o	one or more of the following areas in response to appropriate
classroom instruction:	
Oral Expression	
Listening Comprehension	
Written Expression	
Basic Reading Skills	
Reading Comprehension	
Reading Fluency	
Mathematics Calculation	
Mathematical Problem Solving	10 I P a g a

AND
The child does not make adequate progress to meet age or state-approved grade-level standards in one
or more of the areas listed above when using a process based on the child's response to scientific, research
based intervention;
OR
The child exhibits a pattern of strengths and weaknesses in performance, achievement, or both, relative
to age, state-approved grade-level standards, or intellectual development, that is determined by the group to
be relevant to the identification of a specific learning disability (SLD). Specific Learning Disability
AND
Documentation to support this finding must be both representative of the pupil's curriculum and
useful for developing instructional goals and objectives. Documentation includes evidence of low
achievement from the following sources, when available:
Cumulative record reviews
Class work samples
Anecdotal teacher records
Statewide and district-wide assessments
Formal, diagnostic, and informal tests
Results from targeted support programs in general education
Curriculum based evaluation results
B. Information Processing
The child has a disorder in one or more of the basic psychological processes, which includes an
information processing condition that is manifested in a variety of setting by behaviors such as
inadequate:
Acquisition of information
Organization
Planning and sequencing
Working memory, including verbal, visual, or spatial
Visual and auditory processing

Speed of processing	
Verbal and nonverbal expression	
Transfer of information	
Motor control for written tasks (pencil and paper assignments, drawing, and copying)	
Other:	
C.Severe Discrepancy The child demonstrates a severe discrepancy between general intelled and achievement in at least one of the identified areas of achievement. The demonstration discrepancy shall not be based solely on the use of standardized tests. The instruments used the child's general Specific Learning Disability intellectual ability and achievement must be administered and interpreted by an appropriately licensed person using standardized procedures placement, the severe discrepancy must be equal to or greater than 1.75 standard deviations below on a distribution of regression scores for the general population at the student's chronological and the stude	of a severe o assess the individually s. For initial ow the mean ge.
General Intellectual Ability Assessment Measure:	
Overall Composite Score: Regression Score:	
Achievement Measure:	
Cluster Area Composite Score	
Oral Expression	
Listening Comprehension	
Written Expression	
Basic Reading Skills	
Reading Fluency Skills	
Reading Comprehension	
Mathematical Calculation	
Mathematical Problem Solving	

D. Inadequate rate of progress in response to scientific research-based intervention (SRBI)

The child demonstrates an inadequate rate of progress in response to intensive SBRI and the following

components are documented:
Rate of progress is measured over at least 7 school weeks on a minimum of 12 data points;
Rate of improvement is minimal and continued intervention will not likely result in reaching ago
or state-approved grade-level standards;
Progress will likely not be maintained when instructional supports are removed;
Level of performance in repeated assessment of achievement falls below the child's age or state-
approved grade-level standards; and
Level of achievement is at or below the 5th percentile on one or more valid and reliable
achievement tests using either state or national comparisons. Local comparison data that is valid and
reliable may be used in addition to either state or national data, but if it differs from either state or
national data, the group must provide a rationale to explain the difference.

Appendix B

Pre- Referral and Referral Process for Special Education

Rochester Math and Science Academy

Rochester Math and Science Academy is a charter school and as such is responsible for identifying students in grades K-12 needing special education services who attend the charter school. Rochester Math and Science Academy does not provide services for students under the category of Part C.

Rochester Math and Science Academy has a Multi-Tiered Support Systems (MTSS) team. The purpose of this team is to provide support for classroom teachers on a regular basis. The MTSS team is comprised of general education teachers, special education teachers, building leaders, and school support staff. The group works collaboratively to identify needs of learners, provide strategies and interventions, and develop a timeline and evaluate the determined course of action.

If a student is having trouble in academics, behavior, or social emotional skills, as evidenced by universal screening (NWEA) scores, work samples, observations, and/or staff reports, the student's general education teacher will complete a pre-referral form which will be shared with the MTSS team. The MTSS team, which meets twice monthly, will assist the classroom teacher with pre-referral interventions, accommodations and modifications which are required by Minnesota law. Before a student is referred for a Special Education assessment, the teacher must conduct at least two research-based interventions while the learner is in the regular education classroom. The teacher and MTSS team must provide documentation of those interventions and the pre-referral interventions must be systematic, effective and planned efforts to improve the child's learning or behavioral concerns. Prereferral interventions typically run 30 school days or 6 weeks.

In the event that the prereferral intervention is not successful, the MTSS team may refer the learner to the Child Study Team (CST) for a possible Special Education evaluation. The CST is comprised of special education teachers, speech/language pathologists, school psychologists, and other related service personnel. This team will evaluate the prereferral information, pertinent student information, and address areas of concern before deciding to recommend evaluation. If an evaluation is recommended, a team is formed and parents are asked to attend a meeting at school to assist in planning the evaluation.

Special Education Parent Referral Form

This form must be completed and signed by a parent or legal guardian. Completed forms can be returned to Tammy Stahl, Director of Special Education, at tammy@edsource.net

Child's Name:	
D.O.B	Grade
School:	
Parent Name(s):	
Address:	
Please indicate why you are referring concerns.	g your child for special education services. Please list specific
• •	ased evaluation reports or private evaluation reports to help the
	team better understand this referral background.
	ck if prior evaluation reports are attached
The	ank you very much for your help!
Parent's Signature:	Date:

Appendix C



PART B NOTICE OF PROCEDURAL SAFEGUARDS PARENTAL RIGHTS FOR PUBLIC SCHOOL SPECIAL EDUCATION STUDENTS

The Minnesota Part B Notice of Procedural Safeguards is provided annually to parents and is available at:

https://education.mn.gov/mdeprod/idcplg?ldcService=GET_FILE&dDocName=MDE032644

LINKED HERE

Appendix D

Special Education Parent Advisory Council

- 1. All parents of students with disabilities are invited to participate in Rochester Math and Science Academy's Special Education Advisory Council (SEAC).
- 2. Meetings are held once per year.
- 3. Meetings will be announced through email and oral communication to parents.
- 4. At least 50% of SEAC members will be parents of students of disabilities.
- 1. Rochester Math and Science Academy SEAC is an advisory committee to the Rochester Math and Science Academy Board, advising on the needs of students with disabilities. The goal of the SEAC is to increase parent/guardian involvement in district policy making and decision-making involving students with disabilities. Meetings will provide a forum for parents to address special education concerns and dialogue about education strategies and student successes. The committee is open to all parents, including those without children enrolled with an IEP.